WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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- 1. An apparatus for converting hydrocarbon fuel into a hydrogen rich gas, comprising a plurality of modules stacked end-to-end along a common axis, wherein each module of the plurality of modules includes:
- a shell having an interior space defining a passageway for the flow of a gas stream from a first end of the shell to a second end of the shell opposite the first end, and a processing core being contained within the interior space for effecting a chemical, thermal, or physical change to the gas stream passing axially therethrough.

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2. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the plurality of modules are cylindrical in shape.

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3. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein each module of the plurality of modules includes an annular lip at either the first end or the second end of the shell and an annular recessed portion at the opposite end of the shell, and wherein the annular lip of one module is receivable into the annular recess of the adjacent module.

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4. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein at least one module of the plurality of modules includes an annular layer of thermally insulative material disposed between the shell and the respective processing core.

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5. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein at least one module of the plurality of modules includes a porous support member mounted in proximity to the first end of the shell.

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6. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein at least one module of the plurality of modules includes a porous support member mounted in proximity to the second end of the shell.

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- 7. The apparatus as described in claim 6, wherein the porous support member is selected from the group consisting of a screen, mesh, perforated plate, and porous sintered plate.
- 5 8. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the plurality of modules includes a
 6 first module, wherein the processing core of the first module includes a partial
 7 oxidation catalyst.
- 9 9. The apparatus as described in claim 8, wherein the first module also includes a steam reforming catalyst.
- 10. The apparatus as described in claim 8, wherein the partial oxidation catalyst includes
 a metal selected from the group consisting of platinum, palladium, rhodium,
 ruthenium, nickel, cobalt, and any combinations thereof.
- 11. The apparatus as described in claim 9, wherein the steam reforming catalyst includes
 a metal selected from the group consisting of platinum, palladium, rhodium,
 ruthenium, iridium, nickel, potassium, and combinations thereof.
- 12. The apparatus as described in claim 10, wherein the metal of the partial oxidation catalyst is supported on a material selected from the group consisting of magnesia, alumina, titania, zirconia, and silica.
- 13. The apparatus as described in claim 11, wherein the metal of the steam reforming catalyst is supported on a material selected from the group consisting of magnesia, alumina, silica, zirconia, and magnesium aluminate.
- 14. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the plurality of modules includes a second module, wherein the processing core of the second module includes a first heat exchanger for cooling the gas stream.

1	15. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the plurality of modules includes a
2	third module, wherein the processing core of the third module includes a
3	desulfurization agent.
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5	16. The apparatus as described in claim 14, wherein the desulfurization agent includes
6	zinc oxide.
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8	17. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the plurality of modules includes a
9	fourth module, wherein the processing core of the fourth module includes an inert
10	material for mixing components of the gas stream passing therethrough.
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12	18. The apparatus as described in claim 17, wherein the inert material comprises ceramic
13	beads.
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15	19. The apparatus as described in claim 17, wherein the fourth module is designed to
16	introduce water to the gas stream.
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18	20. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the plurality of modules includes a
19	fifth module, wherein the processing core of the fifth module includes:
20	a water gas shift catalyst bed; and
21	a heat exchanger positioned within the water gas shift catalyst bed for maintaining a
22	desired shift reaction temperature range.
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24	21. The apparatus as described in claim 20, wherein the water gas shift catalyst is a low
25	temperature water gas shift catalyst.
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27	22. The apparatus as described in claim 21 wherein the low temperature water gas shift
28	catalyst includes a material selected from the group consisting of copper, copper

oxide, zinc, platinum, rhenium, palladium, rhodium, and gold.

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1	23. The apparatus as described in claim 20, wherein the water gas shift catalyst is a high
2	temperature water gas shift catalyst.
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4	24. The apparatus as described in claim 23, wherein the high temperature water gas shift
5	catalyst includes a material selected from the group consisting of ferric oxide,
6	chromic oxide, copper, iron silicide, platinum, and palladium.
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8	25. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the plurality of modules includes a
9	sixth module, wherein the processing core of the sixth module includes a second heat
10	exchanger for cooling the gas stream.
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12	26. The apparatus as described in claim 1, wherein the plurality of modules includes a
13	seventh module, wherein the processing core of the seventh module includes:
14	a carbon monoxide oxidation catalyst bed; and
15	a heat exchanger positioned within the carbon monoxide oxidation catalyst bed for
16	maintaining a desired oxidation reaction temperature range.
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18	27. The apparatus as described in claim 26, wherein the seventh module is designed to
19	introduce an oxygen-containing stream to the gas stream prior to contact with the
20	carbon monoxide oxidation bed.
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22	28. The apparatus as described in claim 26, wherein the carbon monoxide oxidation
23	catalyst bed includes a material selected from the group consisting of platinum,
24	palladium, iron, chromium, manganese, iron oxide, chromium oxide, manganese

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oxide, ruthenium, palladium, gold, and any combinations thereof.

1	29. An apparatus for converting hydrocarbon fuel into a hydrogen rich gas, comprising a											
2	plurality of modules stacked end-to-end along a common axis;											
3	wherein each module of the plurality of modules includes:											
4	a shell having an interior space defining a passageway for the flow of a gas stream											
5	from a first end of the shell to a second end of the shell opposite the first end,											
6	and											
7	a processing core being contained within the interior space for effecting a											
8	chemical, thermal, or physical change to the gas stream passing axially											
9	therethrough; and											
10	wherein the plurality of modules includes:											
11	a first module containing a partial oxidation catalyst bed,											
12	a second module positioned adjacent to the first module containing a first heat											
13	exchanger for cooling the gas stream,											
14	a third module positioned adjacent to the second module containing a											
15	desulfurization agent,											
16	a fourth module positioned adjacent the third module containing an inert material											
17	for mixing components of the gas stream passing therethrough,											
18	a fifth module positioned adjacent to the fourth module containing a water gas											
19	shift catalyst bed,											
20	a sixth module positioned adjacent to the fifth module containing a second heat											
21	exchanger for cooling the gas stream, and											
22	a seventh module positioned adjacent to the sixth module containing a carbon											
23	monoxide oxidation catalyst bed.											

1	30. An apparatus for converting hydrocarbon fuel into a hydrogen rich gas, comprising a
2	plurality of modules stacked end-to-end along a common axis;
3	wherein each module of the plurality of modules includes:
4	a shell having an interior space defining a passageway for the flow of a gas stream
5	from a first end of the shell to a second end of the shell opposite the first end,
6	and
7	a processing core being contained within the interior space for effecting a
8	chemical, thermal, or physical change to the gas stream passing axially
9	therethrough; and
10	wherein the plurality of modules includes:
11	a first module containing a partial oxidation catalyst bed,
12	a second module positioned adjacent to the first module containing a first heat
13	exchanger for cooling the gas stream,
14	a third module positioned adjacent to the second module containing a
15	desulfurization agent,
16	a fourth module positioned adjacent to the third module containing a water gas
17	shift catalyst bed,
18	a fifth module positioned adjacent to the fourth module containing a second heat
19	exchanger for cooling the gas stream, and
20	a sixth module positioned adjacent to the fifth module containing a carbon
21	monoxide oxidation catalyst bed.
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23	31. A process for converting hydrocarbon fuel into a hydrogen rich gas comprising:
24	providing a fuel processor having a plurality of modules stacked end-to-end along a
25	common axis; and
26	feeding the hydrocarbon fuel successively through each of the modules in an axial
27	direction to produce the hydrogen rich gas.
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29	32. The process as described in claim 31, wherein the plurality of modules includes:
30	a first module for the partial oxidation and steam reforming of the hydrocarbon
31	fuel to produce a first module effluent;

1	a second module positioned adjacent to the first module for cooling the first
2	module effluent to produce a second module effluent;
3	a third module positioned adjacent to the second module, wherein the third
4	module desulfurizes the second module effluent to produce a third module
5	effluent;
6	a fourth module positioned adjacent the third module, wherein the fourth module
7	mixes water with the third module effluent to produce a fourth module
8	effluent;
9	a fifth module positioned adjacent to the fourth module, wherein the fifth module
10	reacts the water and the carbon monoxide contained in the fourth module
11	effluent to produce a fifth module effluent having a reduced carbon monoxide
12	concentration;
13	a sixth module positioned adjacent to the fifth module for cooling the fifth module
14	effluent to produce a sixth module effluent;
15	a seventh module positioned adjacent to the sixth module for oxidizing at least
16	some carbon monoxide to produce the hydrogen rich gas.
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18	33. The process as described in claims 32, wherein the hydrocarbon fuel may be
19	preheated by the second module, the fifth module, the sixth module, the seventh
20	module, or any combination thereof.
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22	34. The process as described in claims 32, wherein the first module operates at a
23	temperature ranging from about 550°C to about 900°C.
24	
25	35. The process as described in claim 32, wherein the second module effluent is from
26	about 200°C to about 600°C.
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28	36. The process as described in claim 32, wherein the fifth module operates at a

temperature ranging from about 150°C to about 400°C.

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1	37. The process as described in claim 32, wherein the fifth module effluent is cooled to a
2	temperature of from about 90°C to about 150°C.
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4	38. The process as described in claim 32, wherein the seventh module operates at a
5	temperature of from about 90°C to about 150°C.
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7	The process as described in claim 32, wherein the hydrogen rich gas contains less
8	than 50 ppm carbon monoxide.
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10	39. The process as described in claim 31, wherein the plurality of modules includes:
11	a first module for the partial oxidation and steam reforming of the hydrocarbon
12	fuel to produce a first module effluent;
13	a second module positioned adjacent to the first module for cooling the first
14	module effluent to produce a second module effluent;
15	a third module positioned adjacent to the second module, wherein the third
16	module desulfurizes the second module effluent to produce a third module
17	effluent;
18	a fourth module positioned adjacent to the third module, wherein the fourth
19	module reacts water and the carbon monoxide contained in the third module
20	effluent to produce a fourth module effluent having a reduced carbon
21	monoxide concentration;
22	a fifth module positioned adjacent to the fourth module for cooling the fourth
23	module effluent to produce a fifth module effluent;
24	a sixth module positioned adjacent to the fifth module for oxidizing at least some
25	carbon monoxide to produce the hydrogen rich gas.
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27	40. The process as described in claims 39, wherein the hydrocarbon fuel may be
28	preheated by the second module, the fourth module, the fifth module, the sixth
29	module, or any combination thereof.

1	41. The	process	as	described	in	claims	39,	wherein	the	first	module	operates	at	a
2	temperature ranging from about 550°C to about 900°C.													

42. The process as described in claim 39, wherein the second module effluent is from about 200°C to about 600°C.

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43. The process as described in claim 39, wherein the fourth module operates at a temperature ranging from about 150°C to about 400°C.

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44. The process as described in claim 39, wherein the fourth module effluent is cooled to a temperature of from about 90°C to about 150°C.

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45. The process as described in claim 39, wherein the sixth module operates at a temperature of from about 90°C to about 150°C.

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46. The process as described in claim 39, wherein the hydrogen rich gas contains less than 50 ppm carbon monoxide.